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Faculty of Chemical Tech	inology			
	STUDY MODULE DI	ESCRIPTION FORM		
Name of the module/subject			Code 1010702221010702651	
Field of study Chemical Technology		Profile of study (general academic, practical) (brak)	Year /Semester	
Elective path/specialty	and Nanomaterials	Subject offered in: Polish	Course (compulsory, elective) obligatory	
Cycle of study:		Form of study (full-time,part-time)		
Second-cycle studies		full-time		
No. of hours Lecture: 15 Classes:	- Laboratory: -	Project/seminars:	No. of credits	
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) (university-wide, from another field) (brak) (brak)				
(brak) Education areas and fields of science and art			ECTS distribution (number and %)	
technical sciences			2 100%	
Responsible for subject	/ lecturer:			
dr inż. Katarzyna Materna email: katarzyna.materna@pu tel. (61)665-3681; -3552 Faculty of Chemical Technolo ul. Berdychowo 4 60-965 Poz	ogy			
Prerequisites in terms of	of knowledge, skills and	d social competencies:		
	Student has a structured, theoretically founded knowledge covering key issues in the field of chemical technology.			
2 Skills St	Student can obtain information from literature, databases and other sources, also in English. Student is able to interpret the information, draw conclusions and formulate and justify			
	opinions. Student can appropriately prioritize used to perform a particular task.			
Assumptions and object	tives of the course:			
Obtaining knowledge of the princ of modern chemical product safe			le development, the production	
Study outcome	s and reference to the	educational results for	a field of study	

Knowledge:

- 1. Student has detailed knowledge of green chemistry [-]
- 2. Student has knowledge of the development trends and the most important new developments in the field of sustainable chemistry [K_W08]

Skills:

- 1. Student can reasonably assess the use of raw materials in the chemical industry, guided by the principles of green chemistry, environmental protection and sustainable development [K_U12]
- 2. Student is able to critically evaluate the practical suitability of the use of new developments in chemical technology $-[K_U16]$

Social competencies:

1. Student has formed awareness of the limitations of science and technology related to chemical technology, including environmental. - [K_K02]

Assessment methods of study outcomes				
Written test.				
Course description				

Faculty of Chemical Technology

The essence of green chemistry and sustainable development. The objectives and principles of green chemistry. Unconventional ways of conducting a chemical reaction (electrochemical synthesis, photochemical, sonochemical, using microwave radiation, no solvents). The search for new synthetic methods using readily available and safe reagents (water, supercritical fluids? Water and carbon dioxide, ionic liquids). The elimination of the production processes of hazardous reagents. Renewable raw materials in organic synthesis (raw fats, carbohydrates, natural rubber). Issues of green chemistry in polymer materials. Patents in green chemistry. Examples of application of green chemistry principles in the industry - the President of the United States Award (Presidental Green Chemistry Challenge Awards). Quantitative measures of sustainable chemistry. Prospects for the development of green chemistry and its future tasks.

Basic bibliography:

- 1. Matlack A.S., Introduction to green chemistry, New York; Basel; Marcel Dekker, 2001.
- 2. Nelson W.M., Green solvents for chemistry: perspectives and practice, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2003.
- 3. Asmus K.-D., Bobrowski K.Tł., Pollution and environmental protection: chemical aspects and related considerations, Poznań: Wydawnictwo Naukowe UAM, 2005.
- 4. Burczyk B.: Zielona chemia. Zarys, Oficyna Wydawnicza Politechniki Wrocławskiej, Wrocław 2006.

Additional bibliography:

- 1. Clark J. H., Green chemistry: today (and tomorrow), Green Chem., 2006, 8, 17-21.
- 2. Nelson W.M., Green solvents for chemistry: perspectives and practice, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2003.
- 3. Paryjczak T., Lewicki A., Kataliza w zielonej chemii, Przem. Chem. 85/2 (2006) 85-95.

Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)
1. Lectures	15
2. Consultation	20
3. Preparation for written test	15

Student's workload

Source of workload	hours	ECTS		
Total workload	50	2		
Contact hours	35	0		
Practical activities	15	0		